

ALLEGED STOOL PIGEON IS LITTLE ITALY VICTIM

They don't seem to care much for "private detectives" in Little Italy on the North Side. Frank De Lario, 27 years old, accused of being a stool pigeon for the police, got three bullets in his head while standing a hundred yards from "death corner" last night.

As in the other 124 murders that have occurred since Jan. 1, 1911, the police could get no information. "Had any one seen where the shots were fired from?" Of course not.

But the police learned that De Lario had been working as an investigator in the Levin murder case in Chicago Heights. Isaac Levin was shot and killed last October. He was a produce merchant, a rival of the Battaglia Bros., across the street.

Recently Pietro Sietta, a laborer, made an affidavit that Levin was killed as a result of a plot and that the same gang was going to get De Lario.

Since that murder De Lario has been working on the case. Last night about 11 o'clock when Little Italy was alive with men, women and children from the crowded tenements, De Lario swung into Oak street from Larrabee street and walked toward Cambridge avenue.

When he passed St. Felipe's Roman Catholic Church he tipped his hat. At that moment from one of the shadows of the church three shots pinged out. The assassin was a very good marksman. De Lario sank to the ground.

The police arrived. Their work was fruitless. A telephone number in the victim's pocket led to the arrest of Jack Glanbalva, 312 West Ohio street, on suspicion. In another pocket the police found a blood-soaked marriage license issued to De Lario and Domenica Alaisio.

EIGHT BODIES LEFT IN MINE

Hillcrest, Alta., June 24.—Only eight bodies remain in mine No. 20 of Hillcrest collieries. United Mine

Workers have issued an appeal for aid. Some of the families here have been deprived of all male members. Canadian government sent \$50,000 for relief fund.

WILSON DENIES PARDONS TO IRONWORKERS

Washington, June 24.—President Wilson today denied applications for pardons of the responsible former heads and agents of the International Bridge and Iron Workers' Union, convicted in the dynamite conspiracy cases.

Applications for pardon in the following cases were denied:

Frank M. Ryan, Eugene Clancy, Michael J. Young, Jack Bright, alias J. C. Munsey, Peter J. Smith, Henry J. Legleighner, Ernest J. Basey, Wm. H. Reddin, Edward Smythe, George Anderson, Frank J. Higgins, Michael J. Cunnane, Philip A. Cooley, Frank S. Webb, Murray L. Pennell, Charles E. Beum and John T. Butler.

The president commuted, to expire at once, sentences of four defendants: Michael J. Hannon, Frank K. Painter, Fred J. Mooney and Wm. Shupe.

The president agreed to consider an application for executive clemency on receipt of separate petitions of John H. Barry and Paul A. Morris.

In the meantime Barry and Morris will begin serving their sentences.

The other defendants out on bail must go to the federal penitentiary at Leavenworth tomorrow.

Attorney Elijah N. Zoline, Chicago attorney who represented the twenty-four convicted men, was pleased with President Wilson's action in freeing the four ironworkers.

"I believe that ultimately the entire twenty-four will be freed," Zoline said.

There are mighty few law suits within the reach of people of ordinary means.—Peoria Journal.